

# THE DOLLAR WEEKLY BULLETIN.

ROSS & ROSSER, Publishers.

MAYSVILLE, KY., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 23, 1862.

VOLUME 1 NUMBER 18

**RATES OF ADVERTISING.**  
A square is twelve lines of this size type—equal to about 100 words of manuscript.

	1 Square	2 Squares	3 Squares	4 Squares	5 Squares	6 Squares	7 Squares	8 Squares	9 Squares	10 Squares	11 Squares	12 Squares	13 Squares	14 Squares	15 Squares	16 Squares	17 Squares	18 Squares	19 Squares	20 Squares	21 Squares	22 Squares	23 Squares	24 Squares	25 Squares	26 Squares	27 Squares	28 Squares	29 Squares	30 Squares	31 Squares	32 Squares	33 Squares	34 Squares	35 Squares	36 Squares	37 Squares	38 Squares	39 Squares	40 Squares	41 Squares	42 Squares	43 Squares	44 Squares	45 Squares	46 Squares	47 Squares	48 Squares	49 Squares	50 Squares																																																		
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# THE BULLETIN.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY BY  
**ROSS & ROSSER.**  
Editors and Proprietors.

MAYSVILLE, - - - OCTOBER 23,

From the Cincinnati Times, Oct. 21.

## The News.

Well, the race is over. The Rebel armies have escaped from Kentucky, taking safely with them all their plunder, and having met with no loss greater than that to their own infidelity on an army at least two to three. Buell has given up the race, and is marching back to Louisville. So says a special from Indianapolis, a source we have found to be unusually reliable. Buell has fulfilled the mission given him by the Wickliffe, and the Crittenden, and the Davies, of Kentucky. He has allowed the Rebels to escape with all their booty—he has redeemed himself just as his army predicted he would. He should be promoted.

Cannot he be called to Washington and nominated a General-in-Chief? Or give him a department—he deserves it fully as much as Grant. Or, which would, perhaps, be better, send him to the North-west, where, with the venacious Pope, he can fight redskins and mosquitoes, foment worthy of his genius and his steel. All this is a solemn, grievous blunder, to retain Buell in command of that army. The fruits are three thousand killed and wounded, countless sick, and a triumphant clear escape of the enemy. We judge from the Kentucky news-to-day, the following to be the real state of the case: After the battle of Perryville, the whole Rebel army hastened out of the State. Buell followed leisurely, being amused by a few Rebel horse left behind to divert him. After Buell had waded along to near the Cumberland, he not only discovered that his game was beyond shot, but that Morgan, who seems to understand Buell well, was on his flank—may, actually cutting through his rear, disturbing his communications, destroying his wagon trains, and stealing his horses. Morgan, with 1,200 horse, has actually passed from Lexington to Bardonia, and is still moving ahead.

True, Dumont is after him, and true, Dumont is going to bag him, but true that the same has been said without foundation before. Buell unceremoniously gives the order to "about face," and is now marching northward again. What a spectacle for loyal eyes to contemplate!

The reported evacuation of the Kanawha valley by the Rebels is confirmed. They fled by the route they came, in ample time to escape a conflict. Our forces can now repossess that God-forsaken country, meeting only with bushwhacking opposition.

We have nothing of importance from the East. A statement appears that the Rebels made an attempt to cross the Potomac at Hancock, but were repulsed. True or not, the very fact of the statement being made, shows that McClellan is not "crowding" Lee with more than one-horse power.

Gen. Schofield has worked out of Missouri into Arkansas, and is ready for the Rebels. Hindman, Rains, and the rest of the Bowie-knife chiefs, do not seem disposed as yet for a fight.

The indications are that it is the design of Bragg to move rapidly on the capital of Tennessee. Morgan's mission is evidently to impede any attempted march of Buell upon Nashville. We regard Nashville as in a very critical situation indeed.

Our morning dispatches state that the pressure at Washington for a forward movement is immense. Why so? Is not McClellan "crowding" the Rebels?

We have an interesting budget of Southern news, via Fortress Monroe. The Rebels admit a loss of 5,000 at Perryville.

From the Ashland (Ohio) Union.

## The Draft.

In accordance with the notice issued by the drafting Commissioner, the men drafted from this county met at Ashland on Monday last. They appeared "not to like it," and many were the curses heaped upon the party in power, not only deep but loud. During the day, the Union township delegation came in, 33 men, and a sample of the sentiments of the crowd was to be observed by the mottoes upon their banners—

The mottoes were as follows:

"The Constitution and the equality of the States. These are the symbols of everlasting Union."

"The Constitution as it is and the Union as it was and the nigger where he is."

"Lincoln's artificial paucity. Is Nobody Hurt? Where's your Nigger now?"

"Niggers and Preachers exempt."

"Bound for the Nigger War."

"38—Hannover's quota for the Nigger War!"

These sentiments were enthusiastically cheered by the crowd, present as the banners were borne through the street. We believe there was not a man in the whole number but was willing to lay down his life and sacrifice his property for the salvation of his country, but the determination was visible in every eye that these men were not to be trifled with, and that they did not intend to shoot white men, or be shot by white men for the sake of a few black brutes.

Considerable excitement prevailed throughout the day, and many threats that they would not obey the draft. At one time the crowd went to Jeff's office for the purpose of getting him to make a speech. Jeff was scared, but finally came to the door of his office, his face as white as paper, and begged the question, by stating that he had nothing to do with the draft. The lying coward was afraid to shoulder the responsibility of the fact that four-fifths of the men drafted from this county are Democrats.

Yesterday morning the men left for Camp at Marietta. We are inclined to the opinion that a large majority of the men will make very poor fighters for niggers. They don't believe in the programme. They think that a white man is as good as a nigger, and can see no reason why they should be shot for the benefit of niggers and Abolitionists. These are their sentiments, and they will stand by them, and if the despotic Lincoln had a few hundred thousand such men in the field he would meet with the fate he deserves: hung, shot or burned—no matter which.

Virginia Rob Roy.—They call Stuart a Rob Roy. He recent raid paid one thousand horses, valued at an average of \$100 each is \$100,000, a sum which would amply suffice for the traveling expenses of 3,000 men on an excursion which was but of some twenty-four hours' duration. The boots shoes and other merchandise which they carried off of course are all clear profit.

## THE REBEL PRIVATEER ALABAMA.

More Merchant Vessels Burned—The Ship Brilliant, of New York, Destroyed—Eleven Vessels Captured—Arrival of their officers and Crews.

The brig Golden Lead, of Jersey, England, which arrived in port yesterday, brought as passengers the captains, mates and crews—fifty four in number—of the ship Brilliant and Barks Elisha Dunbar and Virginia, of New Bedford, which were burned at sea by the Confederate steamer Alabama ("290") From the log of the Golden Lead we learn that:

On the 6th inst., latitude 43 degrees 26 minutes, longitude 48 degrees 30 minutes, spoke ship Emily Farnham, hence for Liverpool, and took from her the captains, mates, steward and a boy, belonging to three vessels that were burned at sea by the Confederate steamer Alabama ("290")

Captain Hagar, of the Brilliant, who is a very intelligent man, has furnished the following narrative of the capture and destruction of his vessel, and the description of the privateer:

## NARRATIVE OF THE CAPTURE AND BURNING OF THE SHIP BRILLIANT, OF NEW YORK.

Captain Hagar, late of the ship Brilliant, reports that he was from New York, bound to London. On the morning of October 3, in latitude 40° longitude 50° 30', the wind from north-east, a large ship in company, about a mile to windward. Soon after, a steamer was seen on the weather-bow, standing to the westward, under sail. The steamer, on nearing the ship to the windward, ran up at her peak the St. George cross, and in a few minutes after, fired a gun across her bow, at the same time displaying the Confederate flag.

The American colors were set and the ship hove to, and a boat from the steamer went alongside; the steamer then wore round and made sail for the Brilliant. We set our colors, and on the steamer nearing us, she fired a gun across our stern, when we hove to. A boat was then sent alongside, with two officers and a boat's crew, all armed, and on their reaching the deck of the ship they claimed her as a prize to the Confederate steamer Alabama, Captain Semmes, with orders for me to go in the boat to the steamer, with all my ship's papers.

On arriving on board, after waiting awhile, was asked in the cabin to have my papers examined. The ship was having no documents to prove that her cargo was on foreign account, the papers and cargo were confiscated. I was then ordered on board the ship to assist with my crew and boat in removing such stores and cargo as they wanted for their own use, and to bring my officers and crew, with but a small bag of clothing each, on board the steamer, as they would not be allowed to take any of our baggage. On arriving back to the steamer with my crew was ordered to the other vessel, which proved to be the ship Emily Farnham, of Portsmouth, N. H. Captain Semmes, from New York for Liverpool. This ship was claiming as his prize, and the Captain was on board the steamer having his papers examined.

Documents being found among them to prove that his cargo was on English account, his ship was released.

On board the steamer were the captains, officers, and crews (54 in all) of the whaling bark Virginia and Elisha Dunbar, of New Bedford, captured and burned at sea. Both these crews, with those of the Brilliant, were put on board the Emily Farnham, after being paroled. During the remainder of the day the steamer's officers and crew were plundering the Brilliant of her cargo and stores and everything they chose to take. All Captain Hagar's private property, such as his chronometer, sextant, barometer, charts, books, &c., and a large part of his clothing, were taken from him, the officers of the steamer claiming every thing.

During the afternoon a large ship was in sight to the southward, heading to the eastward, and they had their eyes upon her. It was nearly or quite calm, and continued so during the night. At sunset the Brilliant was fired. At seven P. M. she was in flames fore and aft, the E. F. lying about a mile from her. The ship continued to burn all night. In the morning the steamer was close at hand, and the ship seen the afternoon before had worked up to the burning wreck, probably with the expectation of saving life, but at daylight found herself in the clutches of her destroyer. It continued calm nearly all day, and but a light air during the night. Towards midnight a bright light was seen in the direction of the steamer, and it is more than probable it was from the third ship.

Three of the crew of the Brilliant (all Englishmen) volunteered on the Alabama. The E. F. continued on her voyage, but, having the officers and crew of three burned vessels (sixty-eight in all) beside her own, had not water enough. On the 6th inst., fell in with brig Golden Lead of Thomaston, who kindly consented to take on board eight of the number. The remainder would be put on board vessels as fallen in with.

The Brilliant was built by Samuel Hall, and launched at East Boston in November, 1860; was 329 tons register, and, with her freight and outfit, was valued at \$80,000—rated A. 1. She was owned by Messrs. J. Atkins & Co., of New York, and Captain Hagar. All the property Captain H. possessed was in the ship, and not having the war risk in his insurance, lost every thing.

The Brilliant had no guns. The following her cargo:

Flour 5,231 brls., 30,456 bush, wheat, 43 tes, beef, 25 brls., pork, 8 tes, pork, 27,424 lbs., tallow, 19,938 lbs., butter, 8,043 gals., lard oil, 242 bags, cocoa 12,200 lbs., cocoa, 9 bids, pork hams, 8,640 cases.

List of vessels burned by the Alabama since the middle of August:

Ship Brilliant, of New York.

Whaling ship Oconulgee, of Elgartown.

Whaling ship Benjamin Tucker, of New Bedford.

Whaling bark Virginia, of New Bedford.

Whaling bark Elisha Dunbar, of New Bedford.

Whaling bark Ocean Rover, of Mattapoisett.

Brig Altamaha, of Sippican.

Whaling schooner Currier, of Provincetown.

Whaling schooner Weather Gauge, of Provincetown.

Schooner Starlight, of Boston, and the unknown ship.

One hundred and ninety-one prisoners were landed on the Island of Flores.

The captains of the Virginia and Dunbar left for home by the Fall River boat last evening. Like Captain Hagar, they have lost nearly all their property, but makes as light of the misfortune as man could be expected to do under the circumstances. They

hate the very name of Confederate, and will wipe out the score if Government decides to grant letters of marque.

## DESCRIPTION OF THE ALABAMA.

The Alabama is a rakish craft, built for speed more than fighting a heavy weight of metal. Under canvas she makes thirteen knots, and under steam from fifteen to seventeen. She is said to have some 400 tons of coal on board, which she economizes as much as possible by moving under canvas. She keeps her fires banked, however, so that at any time she can get up steam in twenty minutes.

The Alabama was built at Liverpool or Birkenhead, and left the latter port in August last. She is about 1,200 tons burden; draft, about fourteen feet; engines by Laird & Sons of Birkenhead, 1862. She is a wooden vessel, propelled by a screw, coppered bottom, about 210 feet long, rather narrow, painted black outside and drab inside; has a round stern, billet head, very little sheer, flesh deck fore and aft, a bridge forward of the smoke stack; carries two large black boats on cranes amidships forward of the main rigging, two black quarter-boats between the main and mizzen-masts, one small black boat over the stern outriggers; the spare spars, on a gallows between the bridge and foremast, show above the rail.

She carries three long thirty-two pounders on a side, and is pierced for two more amidships. She has a one hundred pound rilled pivot gun forward of the bridge, and a sixty-eight pound pivot on the main deck; she has tracts laid forward for a pivot bow-gun, and tracts aft for a pivot stern chaser, all of which she will take on board to complete her armament. Her guns are of the Blakely pattern, manufactured by Wesley & Preston, Liverpool, 1862. She is bark-rigged, has very long bright, lower masts and black mastsails. Her yards are black, vari-arms long; poles short, (say one to two feet) with small dogvanes on each, and a pendant at the main; standing sail, comes on the fore and main; has war rigging, carries on her foremast a square, fore-sail, large large-trail with two reefs and a bonnet, top-sails and royal. On the mainmast, a large-trail with two reefs and a bonnet, no square main-sail; top-sail two reefs, and top-sail and royal. On the mizzen-mast, a very large spunkier and a short three-cornered gaff top-sail; has a force and foremast staysail and jib; has had no stay-sail on the main or mizzen-masts bent, nor royal yards aloft; has all National flags, but usually sets the St. George's cross on approaching a vessel. Her present complement of men is 120, all told; but her officers are anxious to ship more. A man is kept at the masthead from daylight to sunset. Her sails are of hemp canvas, made very roughing; the top-sails have twenty cloths on the head and thirty on the foot; general appearance of the hull and sails decidedly English. She is generally under two top-sails, fore and fore-top-mast-staysail; sometimes top-sail and jib, but seldom any sails on the mizzen, except while in chase of a vessel. She is very slow in stays, generally wears ship. She was built expressly for the business. She is engaged to destroy, fight or run, as the character of her opponent may be. She took her armament and crew and most of her officers on board near Texeira, Western Island, from an English vessel. Her crew are principally English sailors, the officers, chivalry of the South. All the water consumed on board is condensed. She has eight months' provisions, besides what is being plundered.

ARCHBISHOP HUGHES IN PARIS.—It will be remembered that some time ago Thos. Lee and Archbishop Hughes of New York went to Europe, as it was understood, "to help the work along." In the Journal des Debats, (Paris) appears a letter from Archbishop Hughes, of which the following is an extract. Having been accused by some French writer of being a proslavery man, he denies it, and says:

"I finally, although I have never written or said a word in favor of slavery, am decidedly opposed to Abolitionism as it is understood in America. The Abolitionists have not a right to touch slavery in the United States, except as in their lives expressing freely their personal opinions. The guiding chiefs of the abolition movements in the Northern States appear inspired by fanatical zeal on a question which concerns the most grave interests of the Southern States and the whole country. Slavery is the 'sick man' of the United States. The Abolitionists of the North, where slavery does not exist, see the 'sick man' at a distance through a telescope. Their exaggerated views influence their prescriptions. There are several cities in the South where slavery is perpetual, and where yellow fever and cholera are frequent visitors. One could not suppose that any Archbishop or Bishop could wish to make himself the advocate of cholera or yellow fever. What he would do would be to abandon the treatment of these maladies to the inhabitants of the cities where they prevail and physicians who know it what manner they can be cured or mitigated; but our abolitionist doctors of the North, who dwell far from slavery and these epidemics, would wish in the interest of humanity to burn the cities of the South, which they would consider as the most prompt means of purifying the air, of destroying and exterminating, by a single remedy, the cholera, slavery and the yellow fever. There are in the Southern States four million slaves. Abolish slavery all at once, and what will become of them? What will become of their masters? What will become of the products of their labor, of which Europe has such need? The abolition party of North America take no account of all this."

THE MOST BACKWARD STATE IN THE UNION.—We take the following from the N. Y. World:

"Massachusetts, according to the official report just issued, is still 19,000 short of its quota, although fully half of those recruited were for only nine months. This makes the 'Old Bay State' the most backward of any in the Union. Connecticut has filled her quota by draft, and the other New England States will do so during the coming week."

Massachusetts is the greatest abolition State. She favored the policy that brought on the war, and now declines to fight it through.

While one of our chaplains of the army was repeating this line of the Lord's prayer—"Give us this day our daily bread,"—a soldier added, with a loud voice, "fresh!"

A horse dealer, in showing off a spirited nag to a customer, received a kick in his ribs, and although smarting under the pain, made up the best face he could, and exclaimed, "Pretty playful creature!"

Always laugh when you can; it is a cheap medicine. Merriment is a philosophy not well understood. It is the sunny side of existence.

## CROW CHAPMAN CROW!



## Indiana, Pennsylvania and Ohio GONE FOR THE DEMOCRACY!!!

### Ohio has elected 14 Democratic Congressmen to 5 Abolitionists.

## The Congressional Delegation from Ohio.

- Districts.
- 1—George H. Pendleton, Democrat.
  - 2—Alexander Long, Democrat.
  - 3—R. C. Schenck, Abolitionist.
  - 4—F. McKim, Democrat.
  - 5—Francis C. LeBlond, Democrat.
  - 6—Clinton A. White, Democrat.
  - 7—S. S. Cox, Democrat.
  - 8—Wm. Johnston, Democrat.
  - 9—W. P. Noble, Democrat.
  - 10—M. Ashley, Abolitionist.
  - 11—Wells A. Churchcock, Democrat.
  - 12—Wm. E. Funk, Democrat.
  - 13—John O'Neill, Democrat.
  - 14—George Bliss, Democrat.
  - 15—James R. Morris, Democrat.
  - 16—W. A. White, Democrat.
  - 17—E. R. Ecker, Abolitionist.
  - 18—Wm. P. Spaulding, Abolitionist.
  - 19—J. A. Gifford, Abolitionist.

Fourteen Democrats to five Abolitionists compose the next delegation of Ohio in the House of Representatives.

From the Burlington (Iowa) Argus.

## Laboring Men Beware!—Read! Read!

The pet schemes of the Abolition Aristocracy, the unworked men of New York, New England, and even of the West, are rapidly opening into success. The degradation of white labor and the consolidation of the capital of the country in the hands of a select few, is an object now openly avowed. Their policy is simple and is confined in a single sentence, cheap labor and raise the cost of living, by high tariff and high taxes. Under this system the rich become richer, and those of moderate circumstances sink into poverty. Glance at the history of the last twelve months and see how well they are succeeding.

They have doubled the expenses of living. Tea that sold for forty cents, is now hard to obtain at one dollar. Coffee, sugar, tobacco, and groceries of every kind and description, have advanced in proportion.

Cotton and woolen goods have nearly doubled in value, and in fact, all classes of goods, by high tariff and high taxes, are forced to a price enormously high. But the more increasing the expense of existence was not sufficient to accomplish the purposes intended. The labor of the West must not only be crippled by tariffs and taxes, but the value of her productions must be lessened. To complete the victory of capital over labor, the rich railroad monopolies raise the freight upon cattle, grain, and every product of the soil, until the cost of bringing them to market renders them almost worthless. They now tell us, that to compete with the East, we must lessen the cost of these productions; in other words, that we must employ cheap labor to till our fields, build our dwellings, and fill the avenues of industry.

Twenty-five cents per day, Attorney General Norton says, is enough to pay for labor, and if white men will not work for that price, negroes must be imported. The Republican papers take up the cry and echo the demand for cheap, black laborers. The secret order of Abolitionism appoint the committee, to aid the contractors in obtaining employment and the candidates of the party employ them to do all their drudgery. Hundreds are entering Illinois daily, and every city in the North West will soon be bedeviled with the runaway. It stands the case to-day. Abolition aristocracy may well be elated over their success. A few more turns of the screw will place the laboring masses of the North, under their feet, incapable of resistance, and hardly daring to breathe their opposition. The military despotism of the Wadsworths, the S. antons and the Kirkwoods, have nearly crushed the life of the people in the West. In the language of "Little Mac," our remedy is to be found only at the ballot box. Let the words ring from one end of our State to the other.

Arrival of the Bavaria. CAPE RACE, October 20. The steamer Bavaria from Bremen, via Southampton on the 8th inst., passed this point en route to New York at half-past four yesterday. She was boarded by the news-voyager of the Associated Press, and a summary of her news obtained. Her dates are three days later. The Bismarck, from Quebec, arrived at Liverpool on the 8th inst.

GREAT BRITAIN.—The London Times says the Emancipation Proclamation of President Lincoln is a political concession to the Abolitionist wing of the Republican party. When the Union existed the Constitution gave no right, either to the President alone or the President and Congress combined, to abolish slavery. Emancipation was the thunderbolt placed in President Lincoln's hands to destroy the whole social organization of the South at a blow. It is a thunderbolt which he (President Lincoln) has assumed the right to launch; but he is without the power to enforce his decree. The North must conquer every square mile of the South before it can make the Proclamation of more effect than mere waste paper.

Commercial advices from New York show that there is a strong impression that a termination of the war will ultimately occur from a financial crisis and confusion in the North.

A lad, who had gone to service, having had salad served up every day for a week, ran away because "sili he," they made me eat grass in the summer, and I was afraid they'd make me eat hay in the winter, so I was off.

The official footing up of all the appropriations made by the last Congress is \$694,000,000.

## ALEX. MADDOX,

OLD STAND ON WALL STREET.  
GROCERIES, OLD BOURBON, LIQUORS,  
OLD AND NEW HAMS,  
COUNTRY PRODUCE AND A GENERAL  
ASSORTMENT OF FAMILY AND BUSINESS CONSUMPTIONS FOR CITY AND COUNTRY!

A T M Y OLD AND COMMISSION Stand, embracing two large and elegant three story stores on Wall Street, I continue to carry on, with increased stock and facilities, my long established business of furnishing Families in City and County, Farmers, Merchant and all others, most of the essential commodities consumed in life, all which I am selling at the most favorable rates for cash or such country produce as suits the market. Thankful for the liberal patronage so long extended to me in the past, and which has enabled me to offer greater inducements to customers hereafter, I respectfully solicit a continuance of their favors. Below will be found advertisements of a few of my specialties, but it would take up a whole newspaper to enumerate all the commodities of general necessity which I habitually keep on hand. No one can examine my stock and go away unsatisfied as to quality and price.

ALEX. MADDOX.  
Old Stand on Wall Street.  
Maysville, July 17

OLD HAMS.—200 two year old cased, of a lot of some amount of my own curing, still remaining for select customers.  
ALEX. MADDOX.

NEW HAMS.—500 canned Hams of my last year's curing, sweet, sound, juicy and of unrivaled flavor.  
ALEX. MADDOX.

OLD BOURBON.—50 Brls. choice Bourbon Whiskey very old, pure, highly flavored and oily.  
ALEX. MADDOX.

BOURBON WHISKY.—A large stock of fine copper distilled Whisky, from one to four years old, always kept on hand for sale low by Brl or gallon.  
ALEX. MADDOX.

COMMON WHISKY.—An abundant supply of common Whiskies, at very low rates, always on hand.  
ALEX. MADDOX.

FAMILY FLOUR.—The choicest brands always kept.  
ALEX. MADDOX.

CORN MEAL.—From picked lint grain and carefully milled, ever on hand.  
ALEX. MADDOX.

SUGARS.—Choicest Brown and White Sugars always on hand.  
ALEX. MADDOX.

COFFEE.—The choicest descriptions always kept in full supply.  
ALEX. MADDOX.

TEAS.—Green and Black of all the best grades.  
ALEX. MADDOX.

FISH.—Mackerel, Salmon, Herring, Sardines, and all other fish.  
ALEX. MADDOX.

DRIED FRUITS.—Raisins, Apples and Peaches constantly on hand of the best quality.  
ALEX. MADDOX.

CIDER VINEGAR.—The purest Cider Vinegar specially manufactured from the best orchards expressly for my select customers.  
ALEX. MADDOX.

RYE.—Selected grain specially cleaned as a substitute for Coffee.  
ALEX. MADDOX.

CHARCOAL.—Always in full supply.  
ALEX. MADDOX.

CORN IN THE EAR.—Selected sound corn in the ear always on hand.  
ALEX. MADDOX.

CORDAGE.—Hemp and Manila ropes of all sizes from a plough line to a ship cable always on hand.  
ALEX. MADDOX.

OAKUM.—Choice prepared always on hand.  
ALEX. MADDOX.

BLOCK AND TACKLE.—An assortment embracing all sizes of superior construction.  
ALEX. MADDOX.

CHEESE.—The most select brands of rich, pure, bluegrass cheese.  
ALEX. MADDOX.

STONE WARE.—Every kind of vessels of the best manufactured earthenware.  
ALEX. MADDOX.

SALT.—Best Kanawha and Ohio River Salt by the Brl. and Table Salt by the bag.  
ALEX. MADDOX.

COAL OIL.—The best Coal Oil for lamps at retail.  
ALEX. MADDOX.

CANDLES.—Choice brands of Star and Tallow candles, adapted to all seasons.  
ALEX. MADDOX.

SOAPS.—The best manufactured German, Rosin, country-made, for washing clothes, scrubbing, &c., and choice toilet and perfumed varieties.  
ALEX. MADDOX.

CHOICE IMPORTED FRENCH BRANDY.—I have bought out John A. Coburn's stock of choice Brandy selected by himself in France, a superb article for Druggists and Families, very old.  
ALEX. MADDOX.

STORAGE AND COMMISSION.—Good and produce for storage or sale always received on consignment on the most moderate rates.  
ALEX. MADDOX.

## GOOD NEWS FOR THE PEOPLE!

PROMPTNESS MY MOTTO!  
SATISFACTION MY AIM!

GEO. W. TUDOR,  
MAYSVILLE, - - - KENTUCKY.

WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM his friends and the public, that he has just received another large lot of STOVES, HOLLOW WARE, &c.

I also keep constantly on hand, and MANUFACTURE TO ORDER, all articles in the line of

TIN AND SHEET IRON WARE.

JOBBER IN THIS LINE DONE WITH NEATNESS AND DISPATCH.

I also keep constantly on hand, and MANUFACTURE TO ORDER, all articles in the line of

GEO. W. TUDOR,  
Market St., bet. 2nd and 3rd Sts.,  
next door to William Watkins.  
Maysville, June 19 1862-ly

FRANK & COONS,  
Attorneys at Law,  
MAYSVILLE, KY.

Prompt attention paid to Collecting. June 19, 1862.



# THE BULLETIN.

OFFICE—Second Street, Opposite  
Cadwallader's Photograph Gallery.

MAYSVILLE, THURSDAY, OCT. 23

When the price of a thing is inquired now-a-days, the phrase is, "What's the postage on that?"

No. 290.—The origin of the name of this famous ship, is not generally known. The ship was bought by a subscription made by 290 British merchants.

The Democrats of New York, nominated Fernando Wood of the 5th District for Congress, and Benjamin Wood for the 4th District.

Sixty-four young ladies of Hanover, Mass., and adjoining towns, have petitioned Gov. Andrew to permit them to form a rifle company, as "owing to the illness of the Home Guards," the quota of that town is not likely to be filled.

A stout, muscular fellow made application to the Drafting Commissioner of Lake county, Ohio, the other day, for exemption, on the ground that it didn't agree with him to miss his regular meals!

A heavy wind storm did much damage lately in Scott county, Iowa. It unroofed barns, leveled fences, upset hay stacks, and overturned trees.

A gentleman in Davenport, Iowa, owns a copy of the Holy Bible which was printed in 1608!

General James M. Morgan, for many years connected with the Democratic press of Burlington, Iowa, died in that city on the 6th inst.

KENTUCKY COTTON.—Our friend Capt Jso. BROUGHTON, who resides eight miles west of this city, on the Germantown Turnpike, presented us with a Boll of Fine Cotton, grown by him on his farm. It is of good staple and exhibits that a fair article can be successfully produced even in Northern Kentucky, with a good season and proper attention and care; we hope our farmers will plant, next Spring, an acre or two each and make the experiment whether they cannot grow it.—Cotton is known as white species, and at present prices will well remunerate the housewife for any labor expended to fit for household and domestic purposes. The spinning wheel and shuttle are far better and much more profitable exercise than the piano—so say our grandmothers and so say we.

Godey's Lady's Book for November. Examine this Number critically—the Steel plate, the Fashions, the Wood engravings, and the Literature. In all these particulars, we unhesitatingly say that no other Magazine in America can approach the Lady's Book. "Heavenly Consolation" is a superb Steel plate engraving; it is now first published in an American work.

The Fashions in this number, containing six figures, are inimitable. In engraving and coloring nothing in this country or Paris can equal it. In all there are in this number Eighty-three Engravings of various subjects.

We want the public to know that Godey's is the only real fashion, and at the same time domestic magazine in the country—suitable for the parlor, the nursery, the boudoir, the kitchen, and the laundry.

Now is the time to send your subscription, so you can commence with the next volume.

TERMS, CASH IN ADVANCE.

One copy one year,	\$3 00
Two copies one year,	5 00
Three copies one year,	6 00
Four copies one year,	7 00
Five copies one year, and an extra copy to the person sending the club,	10 00
Eight copies one year, and an extra copy to the person sending the club,	15 00
Eleven copies one year, and an extra copy to the person sending the club,	20 00

Address L. A. GODEY,  
323 Chesnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

The Taunton Gazette suggests a precaution against sleeping sentinels—Let the government put none but wide-awakes on guard.

The Magnolia Flouring Mills, the property of C. F. MURCELL, at Flemingsburg, was destroyed by fire on the 18th inst. with 3,000 bushels of Wheat and 250 bbls. of Flour. This Mill was capable of making 200 barrels of Flour per day, and was one of the finest Mills in Northern Kentucky.

ANTIDOTE FOR CHLOROPHORM.—A distinguished physician in Paris, Dr. Robert de Lambelle, announces that a shock of electricity given a patient dying from the effects of chloroform immediately counteracts its influence and restores the sufferer to life.

PLENTY OF SALT.—We have a letter before us describing a discovery of salt not very remote from this city, which promises to yield a great abundance of that precious and necessary article of consumption. It is found in large crystal lumps weighing about a pound each. The proprietor is now preparing to work it extensively. So far, it has been dug, perpendicularly, fifteen feet, through a solid stratum, and the end of it has not been found. The surface has been examined for one hundred feet, and it indicates the same character, and promises an almost inexhaustible supply. The material is so hard that it has to be blasted before it can be moved out of the earth, and is delivered at the mine at 42 cents a pound.—Richmond (Va.) Whig.

GEN. GRANGER is said to have occupied Paris on Wednesday, having made the march of sixty five miles from Cincinnati in ten days. He must certainly be trying to catch somebody.—Lou. Jour.

From the Dayton Empire.  
Ex-Governor Seymour of Connecticut. A war meeting was held at Allen Hall, in Hartford, Conn., on the evening of the 4th inst. Among the names published as Vice Presidents of the meeting, was that of Hon. Thos. H. Seymour. Being absent from the city at the time, on his return home he published the following:

HARTFORD, July 11, 1862.  
MR. BURR—Dear Sir:—I find by reference to your paper of Friday, containing the proceedings of the war meeting at Allen Hall on the evening of the 10th inst., that my name is used as one of the Vice Presidents upon that occasion. The meeting having occurred during my absence from the city, the fact that my name had been used in this way has only just come to my knowledge, and I improve the first opportunity after my return to make known, through the medium of your journal, that this has been done without my knowledge or consent. No one had the right to use my name for any such purpose, and I cannot but consider it an unwarrantable piece of freedom that it has been thus used. The matter is of but little consequence, perhaps, to the public; but it is of some consequence to me that the public nor my neighbors and friends should be deceived by seeing my name in the list of officers of that meeting. Not only has my name been used in this way without my knowledge and consent, but I have never given the slightest encouragement that it could be thus used with my approval or approbation.

If it is necessary to be more explicit, I beg leave to state that, knowing what the meeting would be beforehand, I could not have been induced to attend it, or take a part in its doings—and that, having glanced at the speeches and proceedings generally of that meeting, I particularly desire to clear myself from any participation, directly or indirectly, in what took place there. The meeting, if I have not misunderstood its general bearing, is one which ignores peaceful remedies of any sort as a means of restoring the Union, calls loudly for men and means to aid in the subjugation and consequent degradation and overthrow of the South. I follow, gentlemen, in no such crusade, neither will I contribute, in any way, to the accomplishment of such bloody purposes. The monstrous fallacy of the present day, that the Union can be re-established by destroying any part of the South, is one which will burst with the shells that are thrown into its defenseless cities, and leave the condition of this country, after its treasures are exhausted, and its brave men on both sides consigned to hospitals and graves, a spectacle for the reproach or commiseration of the civilized world.

Respectfully yours,  
THOS. H. SEYMOUR.  
Mr. Seymour served with great distinction during the war with Mexico, and was regarded by all as among the most brave and gallant officers in service. He has stood in the front of battle, and risked his life in defence of the honor of the "stars and stripes." He is acknowledged to be one of the ablest and most eloquent men in his public and private life. He has been above reproach. Whether men condemn or approve his present position, none can fail to acknowledge his bravery in taking a position so bold and decided, and in direct conflict with the popular opinion and prejudice of his section. It is no task to swim with the current—to swim against it, proves a man's strength.

We take the following from the Cincinnati Times of the 15th inst.

"Vandalism, though his district in the new appointment was arranged especially to defeat him, is barely defeated, and that is all. In his old district, where a year ago he scarcely dared attempt to address a popular assembly, he has a majority of about 700, and is defeated only from the fact that a very strong Republican county has been added to the district. These facts are given as an illustration of the political revolution that has undoubtedly begun in the North-western States."

LARGEST CITY IN THE WORLD.—A very erroneous idea is indulged in by many people in relation to the largest city in the world; many confidently assert that London, or, it is frequently termed, the Great Metropolis, is far superior both in size and the number of its inhabitants. But such is not the case. Jeddo the capital of Japan, is, without exception, the largest and most populous city in the world.

It contains the vast number of 1,500,000 dwellings, and 5,000,000 of human souls.

Many of the streets are narrow Japanese in length, which is equivalent to twenty-two English miles.

The commerce of Jeddo far exceeds that of any other city in the world and the sea along the coast is constantly white with the sails of ships. Their vessels sail to the Southern portion of the empire, where they are laden with rice, tea, sea-coal, tobacco, silk, cotton and tropical fruits all of which can find ready market in the north; and then return freighted with corn, salt, oil, linseed and various other productions of the North which have a market in the South.

The two races, said Thomas Jefferson, in speaking of the negroes and white men in this country, "equally free, cannot live under the same government." No rational mind needs to make every national mind accept this declaration. Two races with such marked and unalterable physical and mental characteristics cannot amalgamate—and will not associate together on terms of equality. If their present relations are to be changed, the depopulation of one or the other race must speedily follow or a war of races, that will not stop until one or the other is extinguished, is the necessary and unavoidable consequence. It will take the wisdom and courage of the ablest and coolest men of the country to settle the great problem.

OWEN LOVEJOY.—Owen Lovejoy was at one time delivering an abolition tirade, against the constitution in the House of Representatives, when a member inquired of him how he could utter such sentiments when he had just renewed his oath to support the constitution? An eye-witness gives his reply thus:

"Lovejoy, with expanded eyes, waving locks, and shaking his fist high in the air, exclaimed savagely, at the pitch of his voice, 'I spit upon the constitution!'"

This traitor is now candidate for re-election in one of the districts of Illinois.—Portland (Me) Advertiser.

## Commercial.

MAYSVILLE MARKET.

THURSDAY, Oct. 23, 1862.

Sugar New Orleans, 18 to 14c.  
Molasses—New Orleans, Bbls. 65c.; Half Bbls. 70c.  
Coffee 25 to 30 with upward tendency.  
Wheat—Red 80c.; White 85 to 90c.  
Flour—Selling at from \$9.00 to \$9.25.  
Whisky.—Market firm Nelson's extra selling at 87c.  
Crush Sugar, 15c.  
Gran " 15c.  
Lard—Sides 6c; Hams 6@8c; Shoulders 3 1/2 cents.  
Lard—6 1/2c, per lb.  
Hemp—\$1 75 per ton.  
Tobacco—Selling at 4@5c lbs.  
Mackerel—Bbls. No. 2, 40; Halfbbls. 5, 50.  
Quarters \$2.25.  
Salt—1.00 @ bushel.  
Iron—Bar Iron 2 1/2; Nail Iron 6 1/2@3; Horse Shoe 5 1/2@5c.  
Nails—\$3 75 for 10d.  
Rice—8c @ lb.  
Feathers.—32 cents lbs.

## WHOLE SALE DRY GOODS STOCK!

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED  
FIFTY PACKAGES DRY GOODS!

Embracing English, French & American Prints, Brown and Bleached Muslins, Canton Flannels, Apron Checks, Hand Linens, Shaker Flannels, Bed Ticks, Shirting, Stripes, Gray and Scarlet Flannels, Mouseline Delaines, Embroideries, Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Hosiery and Notions generally. Terms Wholesale and Retail for CASH ONLY.

M. R. BURGESS & SON.  
Maysville, Ky., October 22, 1862.

## NEW WHOLESALE HOUSE

DRY GOODS

NOTIONS!

M. R. BURGESS & SON,

Second Street,  
MAYSVILLE, KY.

WILL OPEN IN THE UPPER ROOMS  
OF THE

Sensation Store!

A CASH JOBBING HOUSE!

THEIR Stock will be kept complete in every department of STAPLE DRY GOODS. White Goods, Notions, Hats and Caps, Hosiery, Linens, Embroideries, &c., and will be enriched by weekly receipts from the New York and London sales of FRENCH and ENGLISH DRESS GOODS at great reductions on regular prices. Merchants may rely on getting their Staple Goods by the PIECE or PACKAGE, and their FANCY GOODS by the SINGLE PATTERNS, at the lowest wholesale prices for CASH. Particular attention will be paid to orders.

M. R. BURGESS & SON.

SHIRTS.

BALLOU'S PATENTED IMPROVED FRENCH YOKES SHIRTS. Received today by the case from the manufacturer, and for sale wholesale and retail. Terms Cash.

M. R. BURGESS & SON.

When you arrive at Cincinnati

STOP AT THE

MADISON HOUSE,

Main Street Between Front & Columbia,

J. W. GARRISON, Proprietor.

E. C. PHISTER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

OFFICE ON THE WEST SIDE OF COURT ST.

MAYSVILLE, KY.

August 14, 1862.

## MAYSVILLE Literary Institute!

THE next Session of the Male Department of this Institute, will commence the 1st Monday in September. It is designed during the coming year to make the course of instruction thorough and systematic. Competent teachers will be procured as the interest of the School demand. This school having been chartered with collegiate privileges, young men who desire it and are sufficiently advanced, can pursue the regular studies of the College course, and receive the degree of A. B. at its completion. Board can be obtained in the family of the Principal. For further particulars inquire of M. H. SMITH, Principal.

August 14-1m

## DONIPHAN HOUSE,

(FORMERLY THE PARKER HOUSE.)

Between Sutton and Wall Streets,

MAYSVILLE, - - - - KENTUCKY

A. DONIPHAN, Proprietor

THE ONLY ONE DOLLAR DAY HOUSE IN THE CITY.

Travelers are respectfully requested to give it a trial.

Daily Stages leave the door for all points in the interior.

June 19, 1862-1y.

VINEGAR.

35 barrels of Pure Cider Vinegar, for sale by June 19, H. C. LLOYD.

Negroes Wanted.

WANTED TO EXCHANGE TWO HUNDRED ACRES OF WESTERN LAND, in Livingston County, Missouri, for good likely negroes. The owner has refused \$2,000 for the land. Apply at the BULLETIN OFFICE.

## JOB PRINTING!

Plain and Fancy Job Printing

NEATLY EXECUTED AT THE

Bulletin Office!

This department of our Establishment is now complete, and inferior to none in Kentucky.

We are prepared to meet all orders, of any and every description, promptly and on short notice and at prices greatly reduced from those of former year.

To one and all we would say hand in your Orders as we will neither be excelled in

LOW PRICES!

STYLE OF WORKMANSHIP!!

## NEW GRAIN, GROCERY,

AND COMMISSION HOUSE,

Corner of 3rd & Market Streets,

MAYSVILLE, - - KENTUCKY.

I HAVE JUST OPENED A GRAIN, GROCERY AND COMMISSION STORE in the house formerly occupied by Jas. C. Brookover, north-east corner of Third & Market Sts. I will pay the highest market price in cash for WHEAT, RYE AND BARLEY.

I have just received a full stock of Groceries, Sugar, Molasses, Coffee, Tea, Rice, Fish, Tobacco, Salt, &c., &c., together with a general assortment of all articles in the Grocery line; all warranted to be of the best quality. My goods have been bought exclusively for Cash, and will be sold for Cash or Country Produce, at very small profits.

I have also on hand a large stock of PURE OLD BOURBON WHISKY. Commission, Storage & Forwarding Business attended to with promptness.

All persons desirous of getting the worth of their money, will please give me a call.

June 19th, 1862. BEN PHISTER.

CRUSHED, Powdered and Granulated Sugar, of best quality, in store and for sale by BEN PHISTER,

June 19 Cor. 3rd & Market streets.

SYRUP.—Philadelphia and Baltimore Syrups, in barrels, half barrels and 10 gal. kegs, for sale by BEN PHISTER,

June 19 Cor. 3rd & Market streets.

TOBACCO of all grades and prices, for sale by BEN PHISTER,

June 19 Cor. 3rd & Market streets.

VINEGAR of the best quality, for sale by BEN PHISTER,

June 19 Cor. 3rd & Market streets.

WHISKY a very choice article for harvest use, for sale low by BEN PHISTER.

APPLE BRANDY—old and mellow of best quality, in store and for sale by BEN PHISTER.

SALT—in store and arriving, for sale at lowest rates, by BEN PHISTER.

FISH—Mackerel and White Fish, in barrels, half barrels quarter barrels and kits, of best brands for sale at lowest rates by BEN PHISTER.

TEA—a very superior article, the best imported, in store and for sale by BEN PHISTER.

RICE—the pure Carolina Rice, for sale by BEN PHISTER.

CANDLES—Star & S. brand Mould Candles, of best quality, at BEN PHISTER'S.

SOAP & STARCH, of best brands, for sale low by BEN PHISTER.

BACON WANTED.—I am buying clear sides at highest cash prices. BEN PHISTER.

WHEAT, RYE & BARLEY WANTED.—I am buying in the market and paying highest prices. BEN PHISTER.

June 19 Cor. 3rd & Market street.

J. C. ADAMS,

Attorney and Counselor-at-Law,

GREENUPSTREET, KY.

WILL continue to Practice in the Circuit Courts of Kentucky, and will attend promptly to all business that may be intrusted to his care; special and prompt attention will be given to collections.

His election to the office of Presiding Judge of the County Court and Judge of the Quarterly Court, does not interfere with his practice in the Circuit Courts.

## Fine Gold Watches

AND JEWELRY!!

THE undersigned beg leave to state that we have just received a large stock of Gold and Silver Watches, consisting in part of the following articles viz: Gold and Silver Hunting Cases, Duplex Lever & Swiss Watches both ladies and gents. A large assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, Carbuncle, Etruscan, Lava, Brilliant, Coral and Jet Sets, a choice assortment of Rings, Buttons, Bracelets, Thimbles and Lockets, Gold Silver and Steel Spectacles, a good stock of Silver and plated ware and a variety of other articles too tedious to mention. Any article of Watches or Jewelry made to order in the shortest notice.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired and warranted by experienced workmen.

DUFEU & MCARTHEY.

2nd Street opposite A. M. January & Son.

July 8-ly

Hats.

A LARGE stock of superior Hats, embracing NEW YORK STYLE, French Standard, Soft, Wide and Stiff Brim Hats of every description, new in store and for sale by Wholesale and Retail.

sep 4 M. R. BURGESS & SON.

PERIODICAL DEPOT.

All the Monthlies and Weeklies such as HARPER, LESLIE, NEW YORK MERCURY, NEW YORK LEDGER, WAVERLY'S MAGAZINE, Always to be found at JOHN J. BROSEE, Second Street, sep 4-2m

## ATTRACTIONS!

REDUCTIONS!!

BARGAINS!!!

You save money by buying your Dry

Goods at the CHEAP STORE!!!!

FRESH ARRIVALS FROM AUCTIONS,

EVERY WEEK!!!!

## MULLINS & HUNT

BE G TO INFORM THEIR NUMEROUS friends and old customers in Mason and adjoining counties, that their new establishment, opposite the Farmers Bank, to which they have recently removed, is complete in every department, and never on any former occasion have they been in such a position to present inducements to their patrons as the present.

Their Stock is now unrivalled in variety, elegance, fashion and cheapness, and considerably enlarged, in every branch, since their removal.

Their Stock of HATS, (some manufactured expressly for the best class of Kentucky trade) is unequalled; and in the Carpet and House Furnishing department, the goods need but to be seen to command appreciation.

Their Stock of Dress Goods, comprising every article adapted to a Ladies wardrobe, deserves particular attention, embracing so many beautiful and recherche materials.

Economy is the order of the day, and to those who study it, we respectfully extend an invitation to call and examine our stock at the Cheap Dry Goods Store.

OPPOSITE THE FARMERS BANK, 2ND STREET.

MULLINS & HUNT.

Maysville, Ky. June 19, 1862.

## WHOLESALE LIQUOR

—AND—

Fancy Grocery Store!

I KENELSON,

IMPORTER OF

Brandies, Wines, Gins,

AND ALL OTHER FOREIGN LIQUORS.

AND DEALER IN

FOREIGN FRUITS, OYSTERS, SARDINES, NUTS, PRESERVE,

AND SUCH FANCY GROCERIES,

ALSO, TOBACCO, SEGARS &c.

OLD BOURBON AND MONONGAHELA WHISKIES, & DOMESTIC LIQUORS IN GENERAL.

NOS. 47 & 49, WEST SIDE OF MARKET

August 7

IN addition to my already large assortment of Liquors and Fancy Goods, I have lately received and purchased for cash and can sell as low as any house in the West.

20 Half Pipes Jules Robin Brandy, 25 Baskets United Proprietors Brandy, 25 1/2 " A Seignette do.

25 1/2 " Fine Old Port Wine, 25 1/2 " Crown Sherry do.

25 1/2 " Casks Fine Madeira do, 25 Pipes superior Holland Gin, 25 " Brandy do.

25 Baskets Half-Peck Champagne Wine, Qts. & Pts. 25 1/2 " do do do, Pints, 25 Baskets Creme De Bouzy do, Quarts, 25 Cases assorted brands Cognac Wine, 25 " " Rhine do.

25 " Sparkling and Still Catawba Wine, Together with a large and complete assortment of Raisins, Almonds, Filberts, Pecans, E. Walnuts, Pea Nuts, Dates, Currants, Citron, Prunes, Rock Candy, Etc.

Assorted " German do, Cheroots and Havana Sices do, and to which I invite the attention of dealers, promising to do as well for them as any Louisville or Cincinnati house can.

ISAAC NELSON, ang 7 1862 16 Market St., Maysville, Ky.

## ALE! ALE!! ALE!!

ISAAC NELSON, Sole Agent for MAYSVILLE, has just received a large supply of SMITH'S Celebrated Pittsburgh and Wheeling Ale, in Barrels and Half Barrels, viz: Pale, Kennett and Champagne, brewed for Summer use.

Also, BOTTLED ALE, in cases of 1 doz. each, for Family use. Call at Nos. 47 & 49 MARKET STREET.

300 Bbls of Bourbon Whisky, 1 to 7 years old, in store and for sale by August 7, 1862. ISAAC NELSON.

## LEE HOUSE!

MAYSVILLE, KY.,

Corner of Front and Sutton Streets,

Mrs. A. M. TUREMAN, Proprietress

GENERAL STAGE OFFICE.

[June 19, 1862-1y]

## MAYSVILLE FEMALE INSTITUTE.

THE NEXT SCHOLASTIC YEAR OF this Institution will commence on the

First Monday in September,

and close the Third week in June.

For further particulars, address Miss J. R. PARKE, Principal.

Maysville, Ky., July 31, 1862-2m.

Maysville Seminary!

THE TWENTY-EIGHTH SCHOLASTIC year of this institution, with the present Proprietor, will commence on the

First Monday in September.

The course of instruction embraces all the branches of a solid and liberal education, usually taught in our best Schools and Seminaries.

There are two distinct departments—

MALE AND FEMALE.

A sufficient number of competent teachers are always employed, proportionate to the number of pupils.



From the London Times, Sept. 16.  
**Arbitrary Arrests in the United States**  
—The Alleged Tyranny of the Lincoln Cabinet.

Of all countries on the face of the earth, we should have thought that the United States of America, or the Government which professes to represent them, would have possessed the greatest confidence in the truth of what are called liberal opinions, and the expediency as well as the justice of liberal principles. The extraordinary development of the material prosperity of the United States has often been ascribed by European travelers and statesmen to the wonderful combination of circumstances which have placed at the command of a single people land the most fertile of any on the face of the earth, labor supplied in any quantity and gratuitously by the teeming populations of overworked Europe, and a command over the powers of nature and an ability to dispense with and supply the want of human labor, such as the advanced physical science of the nineteenth century alone could afford. But this has not been the view of America herself. Without undervaluing her physical advantages, especially those derived from her enormous territorial extent, America has insisted with no unreasonable pride, as the highest of her attractions, upon the possession of the mildest, the most liberal and the least arbitrary and oppressive Government on the face of the earth. In this happy land we are told reason and feeling go together. The chief Magistrate, who is really the servant of the people, is not erected by a misdirected feeling of loyalty into their master; the sovereignty is really as well as nominally in the mass of citizens, and the agents whom they employ render them a strict account and conform rigorously to the laws which their sovereign has enacted for their guidance. \* \* \* \* \*

Mr. Ingersoll and Col. Wall are seized and sent to prison, without any legal formality whatever, as guilty of treason. It is treason to argue against the exercise by the Government of powers which depend upon a particular construction of a written instrument. It is treason to express a bad opinion of the Government. It is treason in a poor man, who makes his bread by casting shells, to express his opinion of the folly of men who are prevailed upon to enlist in order to make themselves the sport of these infernal inventions. It is treason to say that the Union is not worth preserving at the price of the blood and misery that is paid for it. It is treason to say that liberty is invaded, or to call in question any public act of the Government. There is not one-tenth part of the liberty of opinion or discussion in republican America that exists in imperial France. But this law is interpreted by the same wanton caprice which made it. It seems an established rule that American treason is a crime which can only be committed by the party that is out—the Democrats; but that the same words and actions which constitute treason in them are no treason at all in Republicans. The merit of having voted for Mr. Lincoln has given them, by anticipation, the right to commit treason with impunity. We can not tell the amount of dissatisfaction which these things produce in America. It must be measured by the degree in which personal liberty is valued.

#### Lieutenant Kinzie Bates' Account of the Battle of Corinth.

The following extract is from a private letter, written by Lieutenant Bates, formerly of this city: "Rushing down at a run, the rebels came on with a gallantry worthy of a better cause. We opened a most terrific fire; shells, bullets and every missile fell like hail. We completely enfiladed their line, but on their coming our troops fell back; a brigade of rebels, led by a Texas Colonel, rushes up to Lieutenant Rollin's regiment; the support falls back, he double shots his guns with canister, but on they come, and the Texas Colonel places the rebel flag on the redoubt. They crowd through the embrasures, our men abandon their guns and take to their muskets. The volunteers rally—we turn once again on the redoubt, and the enemy are driven back, leaving some twenty persons inside of it. The Texas Colonel, his Adjutant and seventy dead lay in the ditch in front of the battery. This is a fact, for last night I buried them with a party of our own men. I gave the gallant Colonel a decent burial on the spot where he lost his life, but buried his men in one trench.

In the mean time where was I, I suppose you want to know. Commanding two guns that commanded their line leading into town, I kept hard at work. At times the three-pound shell would make gaps 300 feet long in their ranks, but in spite of the tremendous resistance, the fire of our batteries and twenty field pieces, they reached the town, and some were killed in the yard of General Rosecrans' headquarters. Our guns are so hot you can hardly touch them. The battery responds with the voices of the officers encouraging the men. I yelled till I was hoarse. The rebels can not stand the fire, and retreat to the woods, leaving their dead and wounded on the field, and 1,000 prisoners. I can not say how many were killed. I went over the field yesterday, and I saw 2,000 dead rebels, killed mostly by artillery. We lost five men killed and one officer, (Lieutenant Rollin), and nine men wounded. Our loss altogether must be 1,500 wounded and killed.

A Musical Dog.—Dr. Kane's celebrated Esquimaux dog, Myonk, was recently in the office of the Chicago Tribune, and favored the editor thereof with his celebrated solo. The Tribune says that Myonk mounted upon the table amid papers, ink bottles, rejected poems, paste bottles and pens. His master (Prof. Senger) sounded G for him. Myonk, with his nose at right angles to his sly body, sounded the same note in perfect harmony, and then through the whole of one octave and a portion of another; the second being quite deficient in the accidentals, and at times running into falsetto. With ascending note of the scale was rendered with increased power and length, his nose sweeping a quadrant at the same time, so that at the close of the octave his nose pointed to the zenith, and his last note was a prolonged ear-piercing howl, and still upon the proper key. The descending scale was accomplished with equal success, and his nose returned to its original right-angular position. At the applause which followed Myonk modestly nodded his head and attempted to get into the waste paper basket. Although there is little variety to Myonk's music, yet we must give him the credit of doing his work faithfully and correctly. Myonk sings his solo at each exhibition of the Kane Arctic Panorama.

"Business before pleasure," as the man said when he kissed his wife before he went out to make love to his neighbors.

#### How to Tell a Lady.

Ten women shall get into an omnibus, and, though we never saw one of them before, we shall select you the true lady. She does not flatter when a gentleman, handing up her fare, knocks off his hat, or plucks it away over his nose; nor does she receive her change, after this (to him) inconvenient act or gesture, in grim silence. She wears no flower-brocade to be trodden under foot, nor rose-tinted gloves, but the lace frill around her face is scrupulously fresh, and the strings under her chin evidently been handled only by dainty fingers. She makes no parade of a watch, if she wears one; nor does she draw off her dark, neatly fitting glove to display ostentatious rings.

Still we notice, nestling in the straw beneath us, such a tiny little foot, nonparelled, but of an anti-consumption thickness; the bonnet upon her head is of plain straw, simply trimmed, for your true lady never wears a 'dress bonnet' in an omnibus. She is quite as civil to the poorest as the richest persons who sit behind her, and is equally respectful of the rights. If she attracts attention, it is by the unconscious grace of her person and manners, not by the ostentation of her dress: "We are quite sorry when she pulls the strap and disappears; if we were a bachelor, we should go home to our solitary den with a resolution to become a better and a married man."

ENGLISH FEELING AGAINST THE UNITED STATES.—We have a late London letter from our correspondent, stating the jubilation of the Englishers over the bad look of things for the Union cause after the defeat of General Pope. One paragraph is enough:

"For the last three days all London has been singing the praises of the South in strains that grate harshly on Northern ears. The resources, the skill, the bravery and the pertinacity of Southern Generals and Southern troops are not only leading themes of the journals, but the principal topics of the streets and the clubs. I have before me a private letter from one of the most influential colonels of England, who says 'the time for the recognition of the South has come'; and he suggests that the three great powers should speak at once in the name of humanity and humanity's God, to bring this red deluge to an end. It is not proposed to intervene, to break the blockade, nor to espouse the cause of either party, but simply to recognize a people who have struggled so long and so successfully for their independence, and give them a diplomatic hearing in the Courts of Europe."

N. Y. Express.

We clip the following from the St. Louis Republican, in regard to the condition of the rebels. He says:

Some of the rebel troops have lately received new clothes and shoes, and it is understood a sufficient supply is on the way from Richmond for all the rest. The blankets lately issued are all wool, of the best quality—even better than those of our soldiers. They are very similar in texture and appearance to the article known as Mackinaw blankets. The most of the shoes are coarse and scanty in upper leather, but strong and well made, with thick soles. These are of Southern manufacture. A few boots and shoes of the best quality—evidently of Yankee make; and it is said the Confederate authority have a supply sufficient to give one pair to each soldier, which were partly made in Europe and partly in the Northern States. They ran the blockade, of course, including many cargoes recently smuggled up the Rappahannock.

The clothes of the privates are made of heavy gray cloth—of wool and cotton—the best quality of jeans. Many of the coats have horn buttons. The clothing of the officers is of the best gray stuff—evidently imported. They are ornamented with heavy gilt buttons—stamped A. S. C. A. Each soldier has two cotton shirts and one blanket—very coarse—and two pairs of drawers; but as yet none of them have been supplied with socks. The description of clothing applies only to a small portion of the Confederate army in Virginia—the large majority, up to a few days ago, not having received the expected supplies of this kind; but there can be no doubt the Confederate Government has made provision for its soldiers, as far as possible, and though these will be far from the best, they are sufficient to enable them to hang together until returning spring.

The man who with a hammer smashes the end of his own finger, probably thinks he hasn't hit the right nail on the head.

Prentice says the night-cap would be the cap of liberty—if it were not for certain lectures.

Birds are the poor man's music, flowers the poor man's poetry; and the rich man has no better.

"I am surprised, my dear, that I have never seen you blush." "The fact is, husband, I was born to blush unseen."

An excellent grammarian gives it as a reason why a blow leaves a blue mark, that blow in the past tense is blew.

When your wife is silent, hold the baby for her. Perhaps it is as much as she can do to hold her tongue.

Though the proverb says you cannot make an auger hole with a gimlet, yet a small man may make a great bore.

Mr. Seward, the Secretary of State, declares in his letter to Earl Russell, the British Minister of Foreign Affairs, that the "North is richer" for every negro slave that runs from the South and takes up his abode among us. How will they like to have the four millions of negro slaves brought to the North to enrich it, by having their labor brought in competition with the whites?

A STERN PREMONITION.—I ain't a going to live long, many say.

Why not, you sirpent? Cause my trousers are all tored out behind.

What kind of tea will you hab Sa? inquired one of the attentive waiters at the Louisville Hotel, a few evenings since, of an unsophisticated boarder, who, with his new hat, had just arrived in town for the purpose of spending the honeymoon in the city; what kind of tea, Sir?

What kind? was the indignant reply, why, not tea, sure! Do you think I've come all the way from McCracken to drink SAGER-TRAFF?

## BULLETIN PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT!

SECOND STREET,  
MAYSVILLE, KY.

### Mercantile Work.

BILLS OF LADING,  
BILL HEAD,  
CERTIFICATES,  
DRAV TICKETS,  
CIRCULARS,  
BLANKS, DEEDS,  
RECEIPTS,  
REGISTERS.

## SHOW CARDS!

### BILLS IN COLORS

CHECKS,  
CARDS,  
HEADINGS,  
NOTES,  
ENVELOPES,  
CONTRACTS.

## SHOW BILLS

FOR  
Country Merchants

SHOW BILLS,  
HAND BILLS,  
INVITATIONS,  
BILLS OF FARE,  
POSTERS,  
LABELS, &c.

SCHOOL & COLLEGE SCHEMES,  
CONCERT PROGRAMMES, &c.

## PAMPHLET WORK

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

SCHOOL & COLLEGE CATALOGUES,  
MISCELLANEOUS PAMPHLETS,  
CONSTITUTIONS,  
REPORTS,  
BRIEFS, &c.

## PRINTING IN GOLD AND COLORS!

We have a very complete Printing Establishment. Our facilities for doing all kinds of Work,

### Plain or Ornamental

Are first class. We have added to our Type many of the Modern styles, and being Practical Printers, we are thus enabled to furnish Jobs promptly, to guarantee satisfaction and to accept

## LOW PRICES!

## THE ATTENTION

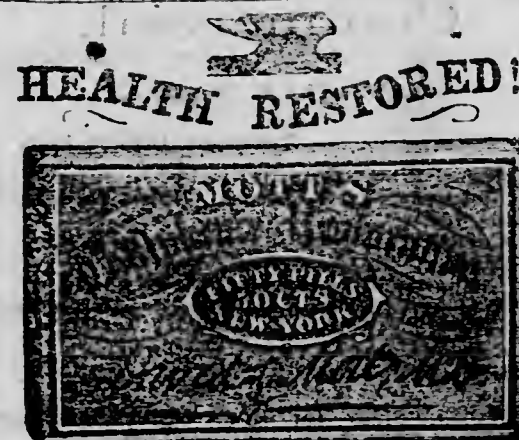
OF  
Business Men, Teachers, Committees, &c.,

Is respectfully directed to our Establishment, if they desire first class work at low rates.

Orders from abroad will receive prompt attention.

Work furnished, in all cases, at the time promised.

ROSS & ROSSER.



## DR. MOTT'S Chalybeate Pills.

An aperient and stomachic preparation of Iron purified of Oxygen and Carbon by combustion in Hydrogen, of high medical authority and extraordinary efficacy in each of the following complaints, viz:

DEBILITY, NERVOUS AFFECTIONS, EMACIATION, DYSPEPSIA, DIARRHÆA, CONSTIPATION, SCROFULA, SALT RHEUM, SCURVY, JAUNDICE, LIVER COMPLAINTS, RHEUMATISM, MERCURIAL CONSEQUENCES, INTERMITTENT FEVERS, NEURALGIA, CHRONIC HEADACHES, FEMALE WEAKNESSES, MISMENSTRUATION, WHITES, CHLOROSIS, etc., PIMPLES ON THE FACE, ROUGHNESS OF THE SKIN, etc.

The Iron being absorbed by the blood, and thus circulating through the whole system, no part of the body can escape their truly wonderful influence. The experience of thousands daily proves that no preparation of Iron can for a moment be compared with it. Impurities of the blood, depression of vital energy, pale and otherwise sickly complexions indicate its necessity in almost every conceivable case. In all cases of female debility (thin albus, chlorosis, etc.), its effects are delightfully renovating. No remedy has ever been discovered, in the whole history of medicine, which exerts such prompt, happy, and fully restorative effects. Good appetite, complete digestion, rapid acquisition of strength, with an unusual disposition for active and cheerful exercise, immediately follow its use. As a grand stomachic and general restorative it has no superior and no substitute.

Put up in neat metal boxes containing 50 pills, price 50 cents per box; six boxes, \$2.50; one dozen boxes, \$4.50. Will be sent free to any address on receipt of the price. All letters, orders, etc., should be addressed to:

P. R. LOCKE & CO.,

General Agents.

339 BROADWAY, N. Y.

N. B.—The above is a fac-simile of the label on each box.

NEW YORK

### Benevolent Infirmary.

ESTABLISHED AND ENDORSED FOR THE RELIEF OF THOSE SUFFERING WITH CONSUMPTION, VIRELLEN, AND CHRONIC DISEASES, AND FOR THE EDUCATION AND LATER EMPLOYMENT OF ALL PAUPERS OF THE INFIRMARY—SALVAGE ORGANS, OF WHATEVER NATION. The Journal, MEDICAL REFORM, containing VALUABLE INFORMATION, on Specimens of the New Remedies, and the best mode of their use, for the cure of the above diseases, sent free to those sending medical aid, in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Don't fail to send for a copy. Parents of many scrofulous and diseased children, obtain means of prevention will cheerfully be communicated, on application by mail. The Prescriptions for Consumption, used by the Infirmary, will be sent free to all who need it. It is a rare and valuable remedy, and a free of charge, will be given, by the Chief Physician or Surgeon. To all who apply by letter, with full description of age, occupation, symptoms of disease of any kind, and habits of life. Could a patient free of charge, will be given, by the Chief Physician or Surgeon. Address, with two or three stamps for postage (N. Y. 141.) Williamsburg, New York.

### Purify the Blood.

DR. WEAVER'S CANKER AND SALT RHEUMISM CURE FOR THE CURE OF CANKER, SALT RHEUM, ERECTIONS, SCROFULOUS DISEASES, CUTANEOUS Eruptions, Sores, Etc., and every kind of Disease arising from an impure state of the Blood.

THE MOST EFFECTIVE BLOOD PURIFIER OF THE NINETEENTH CENTURY. It is the prescription of an Educated Physician, and all who are afflicted with any of the above named diseases, should use it without delay. It will drive the disease from the system, and when once on the skin, a few applications of the Cerate, or Ointment, and you have a permanent cure. The Cerate has proved itself to be the best Ointment ever invented, and when once used, it has never been known to fail of effecting a permanent cure of Old Sores, Tetter and Ringworm, Scald Head, Chilblains and Frost Bites, Barber's Itch, Chapped or Cracked Hands or Lips, Blisters or pimples on the Face, and all SORE THROATS AND SORE EYES, the Cerate is the only thing required to cure. It should be kept in the house of every family. Price of Syrup \$1, Cerate 25 cents per Bottle. Directions accompany each Bottle.

Sold by Most Medicine Dealers.

J. N. HARRIS & CO., Proprietors For Western and Southern States; Cincinnati, O. To whom orders for the above Medicines may be addressed.

Sold Wholesale and Retail by Seaton & Broderick, Mayville, Ky. G. W. Watson, Foster, Ky. Crain & Co., Hillsboro, Ky. A. Boyd, Sharpsburg, Ky. J. T. Shepherd, Grayson, Ky. Eli & Co., Catlettsburg, Ky. J. H. Haskell & Son, Ashland, Ky. Hunter & Maddox, Ripley, Ohio.

### TO CITY AND COUNTRY

### MERCHANTS!

WE ARE NOW PREPARED to sell all kinds of SOAP & CANDLES equal in quality to Cincinnati or any other markets. "Warranted Good" at less prices, which the following list will show:

### CANDLES.

Mould Candles 10c Family Soap, No. 1, 4 1/2

Extra 11c Palm 5 1/2

Summer Mould 12c Extr Palm 5 1/2

Extra Family Candles 13c German 5 1/2

25 lbs box 12 1/2 " 6 1/2

Star Candles 19c " extra 6 1/2

Glycerine 60 to 75 per dozen.

Five per cent off for CASH in any quantities to such purchasers.

Cash paid for Tallow and Grease.

Address, BELL & COLLINS.

Soap and Candle Factory Mayville, Ky.

### Negroes Wanted.

WANTED TO EXCHANGE TWO HUNDRED ACRES OF WESTERN LAND in Livingston County, Missouri, for good likely negroes. The owner has refused \$2,000 for the land. Apply at the BULLETIN OFFICE.

July 31, 1862.

BULLETIN OFFICE.

## Ayer's Sarsaparilla

A compound remedy, designed to be the most effectual Alternative that can be made. It is a concentrated extract of Para Sarsaparilla, so combined with other substances of still greater alterative power as to afford an effective antidote for the diseases Sarsaparilla is reputed to cure. It is believed that such a remedy is wanted by those who suffer from Strumous complaints, and that one which will accomplish their cure must prove of immense service to this large class of our afflicted fellow-citizens. How completely this compound will do it has been proven by experiment on many of the worst cases to be found of the following complaints:—

SCROFULA AND SCROFULOUS COMPLAINTS, Eruptions and Eruptive Diseases, ULCERS, PIMPLES, BLOTCHES, TENDRIS, SALT RHEUM, SCALD HEAD, SCROFULA AND SYPHILITIC AFFECTIONS, MERCURIAL DISEASE, DYSPEPSIA, NERVOUS AFFECTIONS, DEBILITY, DYSPEPSIA AND INDIGESTION, ERYSIPELAS, ROSE OR ST. ANTHONY'S FIRE, and indeed the whole class of complaints arising from IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD.

This compound will be found a great promoter of health, when taken in the spring, to expel the foul humors which fester in the blood at that season of the year. By the timely expulsion of them many rankling disorders are nipped in the bud. Multitudes can, by the aid of this remedy, spare themselves from the endurance of foul eruptions and ulcers, sores, through which the system will strive to rid itself of corruption, if not assisted to do so through the natural channels of the body by an alterative medicine. Cleanse out the vitiated blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in pimples, eruptions, or sores; cleanse it when you find it is obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it whenever it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Even in those particular disorders, it is felt, people enjoy better health, and live longer, for cleansing the blood. Keep the blood healthy, and all is well; but with this purifier of life disordered, there can be no lasting health. Sooner or later something must go wrong, and the great machinery of life is disordered or overthrown.

Sarsaparilla has, and deserves much, the reputation of accomplishing these ends. But the world has been egregiously deceived by preparations of it, partly because the drug alone has not all the virtue that is claimed for it, but more because many preparations, pretending to be concentrated extracts of it, contain but little of the virtue of Sarsaparilla, or any thing else.

During late years the public have been misled by large bottles, pretending to give a quart of Extract of Sarsaparilla for one dollar. Most of these have been frauds upon the sick, for they not only contain little, if any, Sarsaparilla, but often no curative properties whatever. Hence, bitter and painful disappointment has followed the use of the vile imitations of Sarsaparilla which do not do the work, until the name itself is justly despised, and has become synonymous with imposition and cheat. Still we call this compound Sarsaparilla, and intend to supply such a remedy as shall rescue the name from the load of obloquy which rests upon it. And we think we have ground for believing it has, when the whole is considered by the ordinary run of the disease it is intended to cure. In order to secure their complete eradication from the system, the remedy should be judiciously taken according to directions on the bottle.

PREPARED BY

DR. J. C. AYER & CO.,

LOWELL, MASS.

Price, \$1 per Bottle; Six Bottles for \$5.

### Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

has won for itself such a name for the cure of every variety of Throat and Lung Complaint, that it is entirely unnecessary for us to recount the evidence of its virtues, wherever it has been employed. As it has long been in constant use throughout the world, we need not assure the people its quality is kept up to the best it ever has been, and that it may be relied on to do for their relief all that has ever been found to do.

### Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

FOR THE CURE OF

Costiveness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Tetter, Tumors and Salt Rheum, Worms, Gout, Nephritis, as a Dinner Pill, and for Purifying the Blood.

They are sugar-coated, so that the most sensitive can take them pleasantly, and they are the best purgative in the world for all the purposes of a family physic.

Price 25 cents per Box; Five boxes for \$1.00.

Great numbers of Clergymen, Physicians, Statesmen, and eminent persons, have lent their names to certify the unparalleled usefulness of these remedies, but our space here will not permit the insertion of these testimonials. The Agents here named furnish gratis our AMERICAN ALMANAC which they are given; with also full descriptions of the above complaints, and the treatment that should be followed for their cure.

Do not be put off by unprincipled dealers with other preparations they make more profit on. Demand Ayer's, and take no others. The sick want the best aid there is for them, and they should have it.

All our remedies are for sale by

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June 19

### OUR FRIEND—OUR COMFORTER

### DR. S. O. RICHARDSON.

### SHERRY WINE BITTERS.

THE CELEBRATED REMEDY

FOR

### HABITUAL CONSTIPATION.

Jaundice, Fever and Ague, General Debility, and all Diseases arising from a Disordered Stomach, Liver, or Bowels.

Physicians are used and recommended by leading them pronounce them invaluable. Dr. JAMES L. LEEPER, writes from Navarro, Stark Co., Ohio, "The Bitters are highly praised by those suffering from indigestion, dyspepsia and liver complaint."

Dr. WM. M. KERR, of Rogersville, Ind., writes us that they are the most valuable medicine offered. He has recommended them with great success, and with them made several cures of palpitation of the heart and general debility.

Dr. K. GALLEHER, M. D., writes from Van Wert, Ohio, "I most respectfully recommend the Sherry Wine Bitters to the notice of Dyspeptic persons; and to all who require a stimulating medicine."

### SUCH NEWS WE ARE RECEIVING DAILY

FULL DIRECTIONS ACCOMPANY EACH BOTTLE. They are sold by Medicine Dealers generally. Price 75 cents per bottle. J. N. HARRIS & CO., Cincinnati, Ohio, Proprietors for the Southern and Western States, to whom address all orders.

For sale by Seaton & Broderick; Mayville, Ky. G. W. Watson, Foster, Ky. Crain & Co., Hillsboro, Ky. A. Boyd, Sharpsburg, Ky. J. T. Shepherd, Grayson, Ky. Eli & Co., Catlettsburg, Ky. J. H. Haskell & Son, Ashland, Ky. Hunter & Maddox, Ripley, Ohio.

June 19

### CHEESE.

PICKETS Blue Grass Cheese always on hand and for sale by H. C. LLOYD, Mayville, June 19, 1862.

## THEY GO TO THE RIGHT SPOT

INSTANT RELIEF! STOP YOUR COUGH

PURIFY YOUR BREATH

STRENGTHEN YOUR VOICES!

## SPALDING'S

### Throat Confections,

ARE

GOOD FOR CLERGYMEN,

GOOD FOR LECTURERS,

GOOD FOR PUBLIC SPEAKERS,

GOOD FOR SINGERS,

GOOD FOR CONSUMPTIVES

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SPALDING'S THROAT CONFECTIONS?

LADIES ARE DELIGHTED WITH

SPALDING'S THROAT CONFECTIONS,

CHILDREN CRY FOR

SPALDING'S THROAT CONFECTIONS.

They relieve a Cough instantly.

They clear the Throat.

They give strength and volume to the voice.

They impart a delicious aroma to the breath.

They are delightful to the taste.

They are made of simple herbs and cannot harm any one.

I advise every one who has a Cough or a husky Voice or a Bad Breath or any difficulty of the Throat, to get a package of my Throat Confections, they will relieve you instantly, and you will agree with me that "they go right to the spot." You will find them very useful and pleasant while travelling or attending public meeting for stilling your Cough allaying your thirst. If you try one package I am sure in saying that you will ever afterwards consider them indispensable. You will find them at the Druggists and Dealers in Medicines.

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

My signature on each package. All other are counterfeit.

A Package will be sent by mail, prepaid, on receipt of Thirty Cents.

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### Sick Headache.

### CURE

### Nervous Headache

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### All kinds of

### Headache.

By the use of these Pills the periodic attacks of Nervous or Sick Headache may be prevented, and if taken at the commencement of an attack, immediate relief from pain and sickness will be obtained.

They seldom fail in removing the Nausea and Headaches to which females are so subject. They act gently upon the bowels,—removing Costiveness.

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